

ZORBI™ Ordering Guide

		Unit	Case
764-110	ZORBI™ Hygienic Bags <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Protects commode pails and bedpans.• Fits easily over most bedpans and pails.• 15.75" x 23.6" (40 x 60 cm)	20 bags per box 	24 Boxes per case 
764-120	ZORBI™ Vomit Bags <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Protects staff and equipment.• Perfect for motion sickness and nausea.• 9.8" x 9.8" (25 x 25 cm)	20 bags per box 	24 Boxes per case 
764-115	ZORBI™ Urinal Bags <ul style="list-style-type: none">• ZORBI™ stops the transformation of urea into ammonia which prevents odours.• 6.3" x 15" (16 x 38 cm)	20 bags per box 	24 Boxes per case 
764-105	ZORBI™ Super Absorbent Powder <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 60x to 500x weight absorption capacity.• Solidifies liquids in as little as 30 seconds.• 400g Jar	400g per Jar 	36 Jars per case 



ZORBI™ Bags:

- All ZORBI™ bags contain a water soluble packet of Super Absorbent Powder.
- Protect commode pails, bedpans and other hospital equipment.
- Make the collection, transport and disposal of waste quick and easy.
- Are infection control friendly.
- Block odours.
- Save time and operating costs.
- Provide a safer and more pleasant work environment.
- Improve quality of care and quality of life.
- Feature a patented closing system with prelap and double-sided inner pocket.

ZORBI™ Super Absorbent Powder:

- Can be sprinkled onto free-flowing organic liquids.
- Transforms liquids and waste into solid gel form.
- 60x to 100x absorption capacity.
- Each packet is capable of solidifying up to 500ml of liquid waste.



ZORBI™
No Mess. No Odour.

For more information about MedPro Defense® products, contact your AMG representative, call 1-800-363-2381 or visit our website at www.amgmedical.com



Polyethylene bag
Non-biodegradable.
Store in a dry environment.
Stable under normal conditions.
Disintegrates over 200°C



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REV 1 06/12

NEW!

MedPro
DEFENSE®

ZORBI™

No Mess. No Odour.



Safe & Hygienic Handling!

Solidifies liquid waste in as little as 30 seconds.
Protects bedpans, pails and other hospital equipment.

ZORBI™ bags and powder are a quick and convenient method of disposing liquid human waste while minimizing its contact with equipment or staff.

All ZORBI™ bags contain a water soluble packet of ZORBI™ Super Absorbent Powder. In just 30 seconds, the super absorbent powder transforms up to 500 ml of organic liquids and waste into a gel, which locks in odours and reduces splashing. The bags can then be sealed and disposed of quickly and easily.

-  Solidifies 500ml + of liquid or organic waste, reducing odours and spills.
-  Solidifies 500ml + of liquid waste in about 30 seconds.
-  Close and dispose! Seal the bag and throw it away. No need to clean a bedpan, urinal or other equipment.
-  Infection-control friendly: reduces contact between equipment and biological waste.

Ready to use! Close & dispose!

Minimize the contact between liquid human waste and both equipment and staff. ZORBI™ bags enhance your establishment's infection control efforts by reducing the risk of cross-contamination.

💧 ZORBI™ bags protect commode pails, bedpans and other hospital equipment from soiling, greatly reducing the time and effort spent on clean-up. Less time spent cleaning makes for a safer and more pleasant experience for both staff and patients.

💧 Trap in odours and limit spills and splashes.

💧 Save time and operating costs.

Perfect for: Hospitals; Nursing Homes; Surgery; Medicine; Obstetrics; Orthopedics, Dialysis; Maternity; Ambulances; Emergency; Patients in Isolation; Home use and more!



The **Hygienic Bag** is perfect for protecting staff and equipment from organic waste, thereby saving time spent in cleanup and helping to prevent outbreaks by minimizing contact.



The **Vomit Bag** is ideal for situations in emergency, gastroenterology and oncology wards, first-aid, ambulances, transports and journeys. Also useful for children and adults who suffer from nausea during transport.



The **Urinal Bag** is particularly useful in first-aid, isolation and oncology wards. It's also optimal in situations where bathroom access is difficult or limited or when patients are confined to a wheelchair.



Super Absorbent Powder transforms organic liquids and waste into solid gel form and helps block odours. It also makes the collection and disposal of free flowing organic liquid quick and easy.










*Dispose with the appropriate care.

Preventing infections protects staff, patients and saves money!
Check out the real cost of hospital acquired infections...

- Hospital-acquired infections (HAIs) are the fourth largest killer in Canada.⁽¹⁾
- 30% to 50% of HAIs are preventable.⁽¹⁾
- Some studies comment that healthcare workers' equipment was contaminated two-thirds of the time when examining a patient who was colonized or infected with nosocomial VRE (spread infection).⁽³⁾
- And a large majority of colonized patients are not detected.⁽²⁾
- \$1.3 billion USD in excess costs, 9,000 deaths in 165,000 cases of hospital-onset HAIs.⁽⁴⁾
- \$2.2 billion USD in excess costs, 16,500 deaths in 263,000 cases of nursing home-onset HAIs.⁽⁴⁾
- More than 220,000 HAIs occur in Canada annually and result in 8,500-12,000 deaths.
- In 1997 treating an MRSA infection cost \$14,360 CAD. By 2006 it cost \$27,661 CAD.⁽⁵⁾

- The estimated direct cost of readmission for a case of C. diff. in Canada is approximately \$12,800 CAD.⁽⁶⁾

(1) Zoutman et. al, "The state of infection surveillance and control at Canadian acute care hospital". American Journal of Infection Control, 2003;31, 266-275.
 (2) Farr, Barry (2002), "Prevention and Control of Nosocomial Infections", Business Briefing: Global Healthcare, Issue 3, pg. 37-41.
 (3) Zachary, K., Bayne, P., Morrison, D., Ford, D., Silver, L. and Hooper, D. "Contamination of gowns, gloves, and stethoscopes with vancomycin-resistant enterococci", Infect. Control Hosp. Epidemiol., 22, 2001, pp. 560-564.
 (4) Sherbrooke, Quebec, 2003 - 2004, Pepin J et al. Mortality attributable to nosocomial Clostridium difficile-associated disease during an epidemic caused by a hypervirulent strain in Quebec. CMAJ 2005;173(9):1037-42.
 (5) Clinical Practice Guidelines for Clostridium difficile Infection in Adults: 2010 Update by the Society for Healthcare Epidemiology of America (SHEA) and the Infectious Disease Society of America (IDSA)
 (6) Healthcare associated infections: A backgrounder p.1, CUPE, January 2009